

Home Work 6

1. Consider the Lie algebra $\mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{C})$ and the complex Lie group $SL_2(\mathbb{C})$
 - (a) Let P be the set of trace zero Hermitian matrices, show that there is an isomorphism of $\mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{C})$ and $\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \sqrt{-1}P$.
 - (b) Show that there is a isomorphism between $SU(2) \times P \simeq SL_2(\mathbb{C})$ as real manifolds. (Hint: Similar question was discussed in a earlier homework)
 - (c) Show that $SL_2(\mathbb{C})$ is simply connected.
2. Let G be any complex Lie group with Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} . By taking derivatives and restrictions, construct vertical and horizontal arrows in the diagram below such that there are bijective.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathrm{Hom}_{\mathbb{C}}(SL_2(\mathbb{C}), G) & \longrightarrow & \mathrm{Hom}_{\mathbb{R}}(SU_2, G) \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 \mathrm{Hom}_{\mathbb{C}}(\mathfrak{sl}_2(\mathbb{C}), \mathfrak{g}) & \longrightarrow & \mathrm{Hom}_{\mathbb{R}}(\mathfrak{su}(2), \mathfrak{g})
 \end{array}$$

3. Use the above to show that the finite dimensional representations of SL_2 , $\mathfrak{sl}(2)$, $\mathfrak{su}(2)$ and $SU(2)$ are in bijective correspondence.
4. Let $V(m) := \mathrm{Sym}^m \mathbb{C}^2$ be the representation of $\mathfrak{sl}(2)$. For any two non-negative integers m, n show that

$$V(m) \otimes V(n) \simeq V(m+n) \oplus V(m+n-2) \oplus \cdots \oplus V(m-n)$$

as $\mathfrak{sl}(2)$ -modules. (Hint: In class, we did $m = n = 1$, but don't try to work with a basis of $(\mathbb{C}^2)^{\otimes m}$. Instead use the basis given in the notation of highest weight vectors)